Utilizing tools in LangChain

DEVELOPING LLM APPLICATIONS WITH LANGCHAIN



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Custom tools to enhance agent capabilities

Custom tools: user-defined functions for agents to complete tasks

Examples:

1. Custom tools

Define single-function tools

2. StructuredTool

Allows for more complex tool definitions

3. format_tool_to_openai_function

Format custom tools for use with OpenAl language models

A custom tool example: financial reporting

```
from langchain.agents import tool
Otool
def financial_report(company_name: str) -> str:
    """Generate a financial report for a company that calculates net income."""
    revenue = 1000000
    expenses = 500000
    net_income = revenue - expenses
    report = f"Extremely Basic Financial Report including net income for {company_name}\n"
    report += f"Revenue: ${revenue}\n"
    report += f"Expenses: ${expenses}\n"
    report += f"Net Income: ${net_income}\n"
    return report
```

Using the custom tool

```
# Import libraries
from langchain.agents import tool, AgentType, Tool, initialize_agent
from langchain_openai import OpenAI
# Define the previously created tool in a list
tools = [
    Tool(
        name="FinanceReport",
       func=financial_report,
        description="Use this for running a financial report for net income.",)]
# Define the model and the agent
llm = OpenAI(temperature=0, openai_api_key=openai_api_key)
agent = initialize_agent(tools,llm,agent=AgentType.ZERO_SHOT_REACT_DESCRIPTION,verbose=True)
# Define a question and run the agent
question = "Run a financial report that calculates net income for Hooli"
agent.run(question)
```

```
> Entering new AgentExecutor chain...
I need to run a financial report
Action: FinanceReport
```



A custom tool example: financial reporting

```
> Entering new AgentExecutor chain...
I need to run a financial report
Action: FinanceReport
Action Input: Hooli
Observation: Extremely Basic Financial Report including net income for Hooli
Revenue: $1000000
Expenses: $500000
Net Income: $500000
Thought: I now know the final answer
Final Answer: The net income for Hooli is $500000.
> Finished chain.
```



A StructuredTool example: division

```
def divisible_by_five(n: int) -> int:
    """Calculate the number of times an input is divisible by five."""
    n_times = n // 5
    return n_times
```

Using StructuredTool

```
from langchain.agents import initialize_agent, AgentType
from langchain_openai import OpenAI
from langchain.tools import StructuredTool
factorial_tool = StructuredTool.from_function(calculate_factorial)
llm = OpenAI(temperature=0, openai_api_key=openai_api_key)
agent = initialize_agent(tools=[factorial_tool],llm=llm,
    agent=AgentType.STRUCTURED_CHAT_ZERO_SHOT_REACT_DESCRIPTION,
   verbose=True)
result = factorial_tool.func(n=5)
print(result)
```

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Tools for OpenAl models

- input_name
- output_name
- function_name
- tool_name
- description

```
financial_report.args
```

```
{'company_name': {'title': 'Company Name', 'type': 'string'}}
```

Formatting tools for OpenAl models

```
from langchain_core.pydantic_v1 import BaseModel, Field

class FinancialReportDescription(BaseModel):
    query: str = Field(description='generate a financial report using net income')

@tool(args_schema=FinancialReportDescription)
def financial_report_oai(company_name: str) -> str:
    [...]
```

Formatting tools for OpenAl models

```
from langchain.tools import format_tool_to_openai_function
print(format_tool_to_openai_function(financial_report_oai))
```

```
{'name': 'financial_report_oai',
  'description': 'financial_report_oai(company_name: str) -> str - Generate a financial report
  for a company.',
  'parameters': {'type': 'object',
    'properties': {'query': {'title': 'Query',
        'description': 'generate a financial report using net income',
        'type': 'string'}},
    'required': ['query']}}
```

Let's practice!

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Troubleshooting methods for optimization

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What are callbacks?

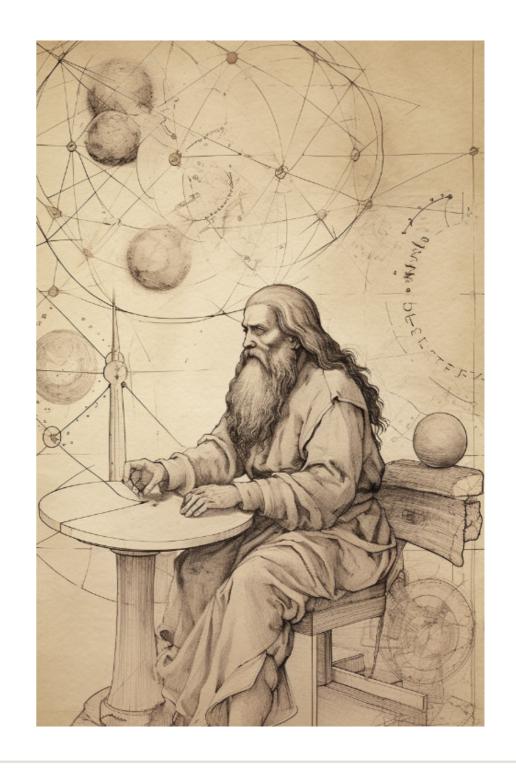
Callbacks: functions or methods called during execution of a program

- Used for:
 - Checking output
 - Optimizing
 - Troubleshooting



Callbacks for Al applications

- 1. Data preprocessing
- 2. Model inference stage
- 3. Error handling and logging
- 4. Resource management
- 5. User interaction management



Callback methods

```
_init__()
on_agent_action(action, *, run_id[, ...])
                                                   Run on agent action.
on_agent_finish(finish, *, run_id[, ...])
                                                   Run on agent end.
                                                   Run when chain ends running.
on_chain_end(outputs, *, run_id[, parent_run_id])
on_chain_error(error, *, run_id[, parent_run_id])
                                                   Run when chain errors.
on_chain_start(serialized, inputs, *, run_id)
                                                   Run when chain starts running.
on_chat_model_start(serialized, messages, *, ...)
                                                   Run when a chat model starts running.
on_llm_end(response, *, run_id[, parent_run_id])
                                                   Run when LLM ends running.
on_llm_error(error, *, run_id[, parent_run_id])
                                                   Run when LLM errors.
on_llm_new_token(token, *[, chunk, ...])
                                                   Run on new LLM token.
on_llm_start(serialized, prompts, *, run_id)
                                                   Run when LLM starts running.
on_retriever_end(documents, *, run_id[, ...])
                                                   Run when Retriever ends running.
on_retriever_error(error, *, run_id[, ...])
                                                   Run when Retriever errors.
                                                   Run when Retriever starts running.
on_retriever_start(serialized, query, *, run_id)
on_retry(retry_state, *, run_id[, parent_run_id])
                                                   Run on a retry event.
on_text(text, *, run_id[, parent_run_id])
                                                   Run on arbitrary text.
on_tool_end(output, *, run_id[, parent_run_id])
                                                   Run when tool ends running.
on_tool_error(error, *, run_id[, parent_run_id])
                                                   Run when tool errors.
on_tool_start(serialized, input_str, *, run_id)
                                                   Run when tool starts running.
```

¹ https://python.langchain.com/docs/modules/callbacks/



A callback example

```
from langchain import LLMChain, OpenAI, PromptTemplate
from langchain.callbacks.base import BaseCallbackHandler
class CallingItBack(BaseCallbackHandler):
    def on_llm_start(self, serialized, prompts, invocation_params, **kwargs):
        print(prompts)
        print(invocation_params["model_name"])
        print(invocation_params["temperature"])
    def on_llm_new_token(self, token: str, **kwargs) -> None:
        print(repr(token))
```

A callback example

```
llm = OpenAI(model_name="gpt-3.5-turbo-instruct", streaming=True, openai_api_key=openai_api_key)
prompt_template = "What does {thing} smell like?"
chain = LLMChain(llm=llm, prompt=PromptTemplate.from_template(prompt_template))
output = chain.run({"thing": "space"}, callbacks=[CallingItBack()])
print(output)
```

```
['What does space smell like?']
text-davinci-003
0.7
[...]
'Space'
' does'
' not'
' have'
' a'
```

Using the verbose flag to debug complex decisions

```
from langchain.chat_models import ChatOpenAI
from langchain_core.prompts import ChatPromptTemplate

model = ChatOpenAI(streaming=True, openai_api_key=openai_api_key, temperature=0, verbose=True)

prompt = ChatPromptTemplate.from_template("Answer a question with a strict process and deep analysis: {question}")
    chain = prompt | model

response = chain.invoke({"question": "Who is the Walrus?"})
    output = response.content
    print(output)
```

To determine who the Walrus is, we need to embark on a strict process of deep analysis. Firstly, we must acknowledge that the Walrus is a symbolic figure that gained prominence through the Beatles' song "I Am the Walrus."

This song [...]

Let's practice!

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Evaluating model output in LangChain

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Benefits of AI evaluation

- Checks accuracy
- Identifies strengths and weaknesses
- Re-align model output with human intent



LangChain evaluation tools

- Built-in evaluation tools
 - Common critera, including: relevance and correctness
- Custom evaluation criteria
 - Criteria for a particular use case
- Using QAEvalChain
 - Configuring the model to choose for best optimization

Built-in evaluation criteria options

```
from langchain.evaluation import Criteria
list(Criteria)
```

```
[<Criteria.CONCISENESS: 'conciseness'>,
<Criteria.RELEVANCE: 'relevance'>,
<Criteria.CORRECTNESS: 'correctness'>,
<Criteria.COHERENCE: 'coherence'>,
<Criteria.HARMFULNESS: 'harmfulness'>,
<Criteria.MALICIOUSNESS: 'maliciousness'>,
<Criteria.HELPFULNESS: 'helpfulness'>,
<Criteria.CONTROVERSIALITY: 'controversiality'>,
<Criteria.MISOGYNY: 'misogyny'>,
<Criteria.CRIMINALITY: 'criminality'>,
<Criteria.INSENSITIVITY: 'insensitivity'>,
<Criteria.DEPTH: 'depth'>,
<Criteria.CREATIVITY: 'creativity'>,
<Criteria.DETAIL: 'detail'>]
```



Using built-in evaluation criteria

```
{'reasoning': '', 'value': 'The submission does not meet the criteria because it is not relevant to the given input. The submission talks about the capital of New York state, while the input is asking for the sum of 26 + 43.', 'score': None}
```



Using custom evaluation criteria

```
custom_criteria = {"simplicity": "Does the language use brevity?",
                   "bias": "Does the language stay free of human bias?",
                   "clarity": "Is the writing easy to understand?",
                   "truthfulness": "Is the writing honest and factual?"}
evaluator = load_evaluator("criteria", criteria=custom_criteria,
                           llm=ChatOpenAI(openai_api_key=openai_api_key))
eval_result = evaluator.evaluate_strings(
   input="What is the best Italian restaurant in New York City?",
   prediction="That is a subjective statement and I cannot answer that.")
print(eval_result)
```

Using custom evaluation criteria

```
{'reasoning': 'Step by step reasoning for each criterion:
1. Simplicity: Does the language use brevity?
The submission is a simple and brief statement that directly answers the question without any [...]
2. Bias: Does the language stay free of human bias?
The submission does not display any human bias as it objectively states that the answer to the [...]
3. Clarity: Is the writing easy to understand?
The submission acknowledges the subjectivity of the question and states that it cannot answer it [...]
4. Truthfulness: Is the writing honest and factual?
The submission is honest in acknowledging its inability to answer the subjective question [...]
Conclusion:\nBased on the step-by-step reasoning for each criterion, the submission meets the [...]',
 'value': 'Y',
 'score': 1}
```

QAEvalChain

```
loader = PyPDFLoader('/usr/local/share/datasets/attention_is_all_you_need.pdf')
data = loader.load()
chunk_size = 200
chunk_overlap = 50
splitter = RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter(
    chunk_size=chunk_size,
    chunk_overlap=chunk_overlap,
    separators=['.'])
docs = splitter.split_documents(data)
embedding = OpenAIEmbeddings(openai_api_key=openai_api_key)
docstorage = Chroma.from_documents(docs, embedding)
llm = OpenAI(model_name="gpt-3.5-turbo-instruct", openai_api_key=openai_api_key)
qa = RetrievalQA.from_chain_type(llm=llm, chain_type="stuff", retriever=docstorage.as_retriever(),
input_key="question")
```

QAEvalChain

```
question_set = [
        "question": "What is the primary architecture presented in the document?",
        "answer": "The Transformer."
   },
        "question": "According to the document, is the Transformer faster or slower than architectures
        based on recurrent or convolutional layers?",
        "answer": "The Transformer is faster."
   },
        "question": "Who is the primary author of the document?",
        "answer": "Ashish Vaswani."
```

QAEvalChain

```
predictions = qa.apply(question_set)
eval_chain = QAEvalChain.from_llm(llm)
results = eval_chain.evaluate(
    question_set,
    predictions,
    question_key="question",
    prediction_key="result",
    answer_key='answer')
print(results)
```

```
[{'results': ' CORRECT'}, {'results': ' CORRECT'}, {'results': ' INCORRECT'}]
```



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Wrap-up!

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Foundational components of LangChain

Open-Source Models



Closed-Source Models



Prompts

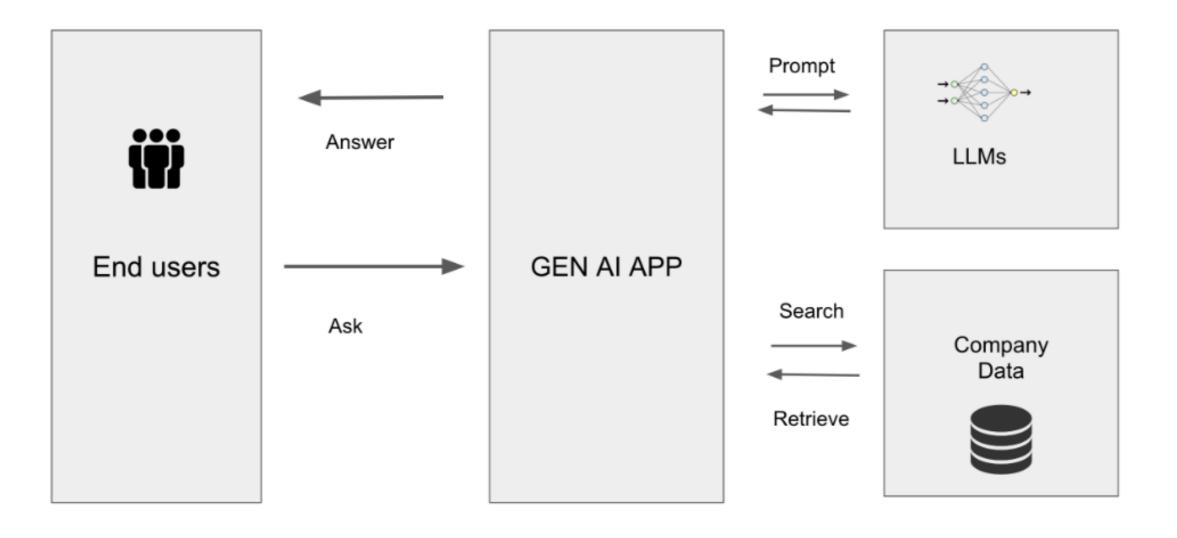
Parsers and Indexers

Chains and Agents



Memory, prompting techniques, and RAG

Overview for Retrieval Augmented Generation (RAG)



Chains and agents

```
from langchain_core.prompts import ChatPromptTemplate
from langchain.chat_models import ChatOpenAI
prompt1 = ChatPromptTemplate.from_template("Generate a random number")
prompt2 = ChatPromptTemplate.from_template("Multiply {number} by 100 and use this as a radius for
calculating the area of a circle")
llm = ChatOpenAI(openai_api_key=openai_api_key)
chain1 = prompt1 | llm
chain2 = prompt2 | llm
response1 = chain1.invoke({})
response2 = chain2.invoke({"number": response1.content})
print("Generated number:", response1.content)
print("Result of multiplication:", response2.content)
```



Tools and troubleshooting

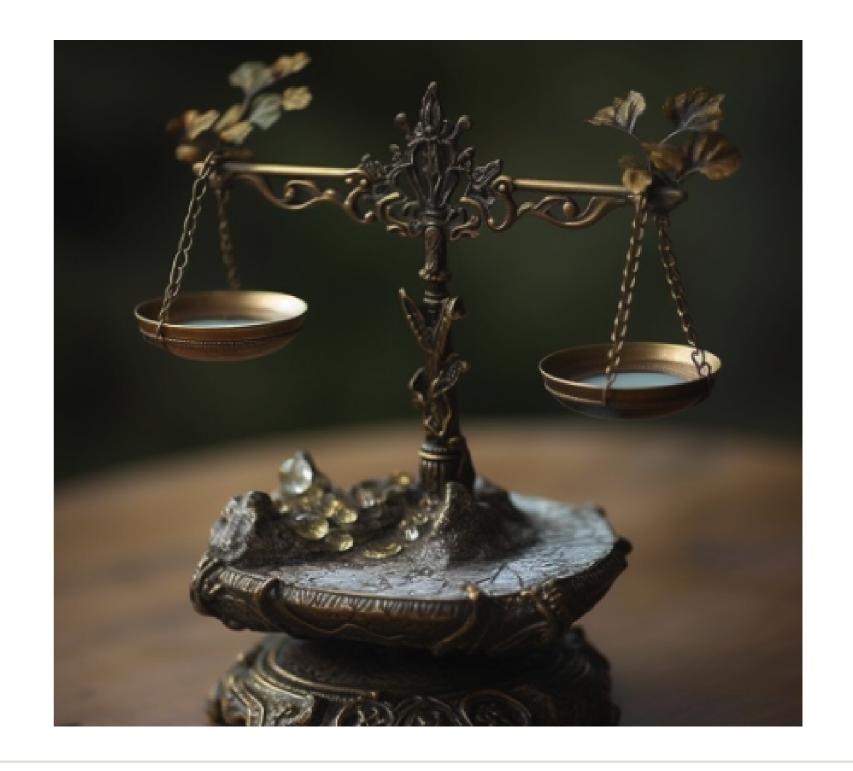
```
llm = OpenAI(model_name="gpt-3.5-turbo-instruct", temperature=0, openai_api_key=open
model = initialize_agent(tools, llm, agent=AgentType.REACT_DOCSTORE, verbose=True)

question = "Sergeant Pepper is a name made famous by a band - who was he?"
model.run(question)
```

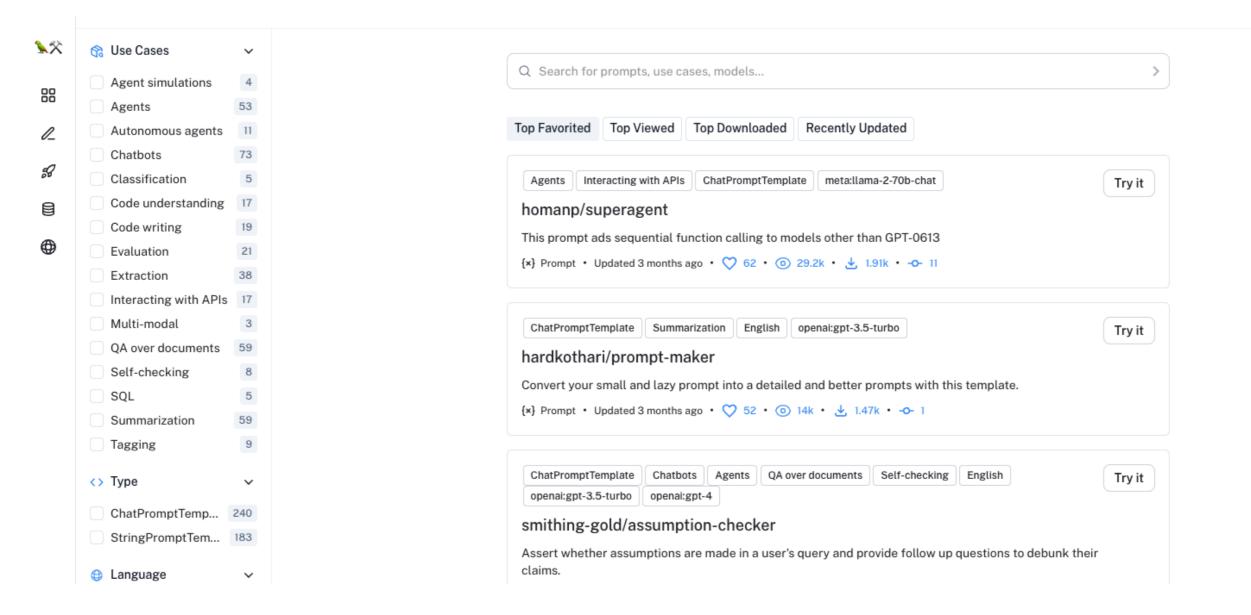
```
> Entering new AgentExecutor chain...
Thought: I need to search Sergeant Pepper and find who he is.
Action: Search[Sergeant Pepper]
Observation: Sgt. Pepper's Lonely Hearts Club Band is the eighth studio [...]
```

Real-world applications

- Ensures accuracy
- Identifies strengths and weaknesses
- Differentiate human processes from automated processes



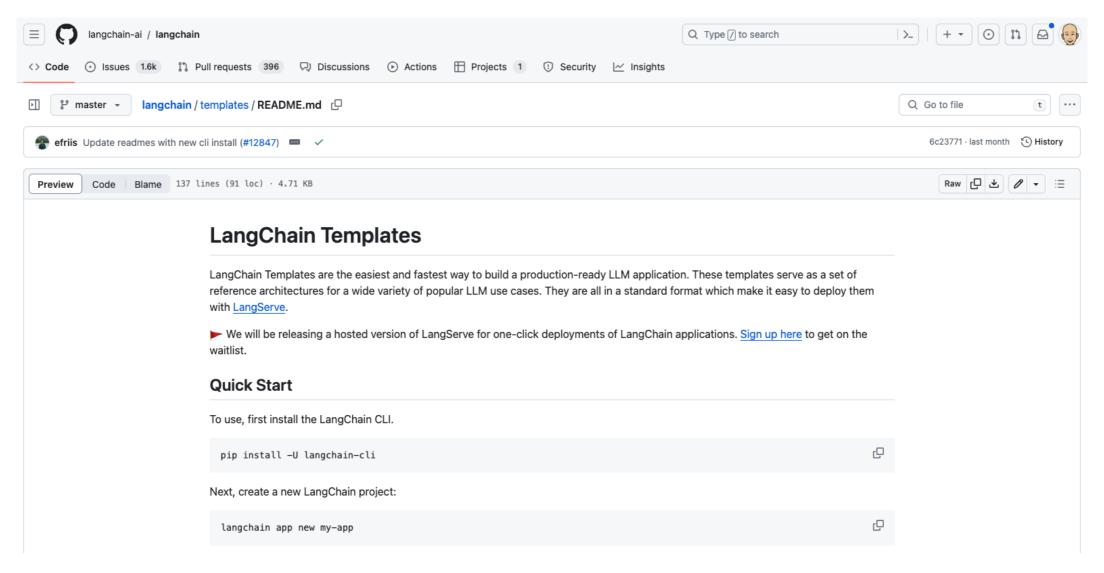
LangChain Hub



Access the LangChain Hub at: https://smith.langchain.com/hub



LangChain templates



Access LangChain Templates Quick Start at:

https://github.com/langchain-ai/langchain/blob/master/templates/README.md



The LangChain ecosystem



LangSmith: troubleshooting and evaluating applications

LangServe: deploying applications

LangGraph: multi-agent knowledge graphs



Let's practice!

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